



## LOCAL AGENCY FORMATION COMMISSION OF SANTA CRUZ COUNTY

### **WATER POLICY**

Adopted on March 17, 1964 (Resolution No. 14)

Previous Revision on February 2, 2010 (Resolution No. 2011-1)

Last Revision on November 4, 2020 (Resolution No. 2020-33)

#### **1. OVERVIEW**

Government Code Section 56300 requires each Local Agency Formation Commission to establish written policies and to exercise its powers in a manner pursuant to the Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Local Government Act of 2000 and consistent with the written policies of each Commission. In 1964, the Commission adopted the first water policy to align the limited water supply with existing service providers and smart growth as population continues to increase in Santa Cruz County. The purpose of this policy is to clarify LAFCO's role when considering boundary changes involving cities and special districts.

#### **2. SPHERES OF INFLUENCE**

LAFCO recognizes that the water resources of Santa Cruz County are limited, and the Commission's objective is to ensure that its decisions relating to water do not lead to adverse impacts on the natural resources of Santa Cruz County. In reviewing sphere adoptions and amendments, LAFCO will be guided by the potential impacts of the proposal on water resources and will consider the efforts of the water agencies and land use agencies to maintain stream and river flows, promote high water quality of surface waters and groundwater, and reduce groundwater overdraft.

To assist in the review of sphere boundaries and other LAFCO reports, the Commission will utilize the following data sources to maintain an ongoing data base of the supply, demand, and related water data of the local water agencies subject to LAFCO's boundary regulation:

- a) The Public Water System Annual Reports filed by each public water agency with the State Water Resources Control Board;
- b) The Urban Water Management Plans prepared by water suppliers with 3000 or more customers as required by the California Water Code Sections 10610 et.seq; and
- c) The annual Water Resources Report prepared for consideration by the Santa Cruz County Board of Supervisors.

### **3. BOUNDARY CHANGES**

In any proposal requiring water service, the Commission requires that the affected agency identified as the potential water provider to demonstrate the availability of an adequate, reliable and sustainable supply of water. The following factors may be considered:

- a) In cases where a basin is overdrafted or existing services are not sustainable, a boundary change proposal may be approved if there will be a net decrease in impacts on water resources;
- b) In cases where a phased development is proposed, the agency should demonstrate that adequate service capacity will be provided as needed for each phase;
- c) In cases where a proposed new service area will be served by an onsite water source, the proponent should demonstrate its adequacy (Government Code Section 56668[k]); and
- d) In cases where the proposal's new water demand on the agency does not exceed the typical amount of water used by a single-family dwelling in the agency's service area, the Commission will not require that an "adequate, reliable, and sustainable" supply be demonstrated if the agency has a water conservation program and the program will be implemented as part of any new water service.

### **4. SERVICE REQUEST**

Proposals requesting water service from a city of special district will need to provide proof of lack of services to existing urban land uses, a building permit application, allocation for a single-family dwelling, or for a larger project by: (1) a tentative or final land use entitlement (tentative subdivision map use permit, etc.) conditioned on obtaining water service and (2) a growth rate and pattern that the subject area will be developed within 5 years.

The Commission will only approve boundary change applications when the Commission determines that it is unlikely that water resources will be degraded. The Commission will review each application to assure that, by implementing project-specific mitigations, participating in agency water conservation programs, or both if applicable, the project will not adversely affect sustainable yields in groundwater basins, flows in rivers and streams, water quality in surface water bodies and groundwater basins, and endangered species.

### **5. EXTRATERRITORIAL SERVICE AGREEMENTS**

When the Commission authorizes the emergency provision of water services via extraterritorial service outside an agency's boundaries, and annexation is practical, the Commission will require annexation to be completed within two years.

## **6. CONNECTION MORATORIUM**

It is the general policy of the Commission to disapprove annexations to water and sewer agencies (including cities that provide either service) while there is a connection moratorium or other similar service limitation involving the subject water or sewer service. The Commission will consider exceptions to this general policy on a case-by-case basis. The Commission may approve an annexation that meets one or more of the following criteria:

- a) To replace a private water source that has failed, such as a well that has gone dry, new service connections shall not be sized to accommodate more intensive development;
- b) To replace a septic system that has failed, new service connections shall not be sized to accommodate more intensive development;
- c) To implement a transfer of service between two existing agencies such transfer shall be in a manner that is consistent with the adopted Spheres of Influence of those agencies; and
- d) To change a boundary, in a manner consistent with an adopted Sphere of Influence, an agency boundary shall not divide a property that could only be conveyed under a single deed.

Between January 1, 1986 and the time the service limitation is totally lifted, the Commission shall limit the annexations so that the number of cumulative connections made under the above exemption criteria do not exceed 1% of the total agency's flow (as expressed in equivalent single family dwelling units) in service on January 1, 1986. In this case, an additional criteria not subject to the 1% cumulative impact limitation would be to provide facilities or funding that will allow the agency to lift its service limitation.

## **7. PUBLIC PARTICIPATION**

Water resources and supplies are critical issues for many sphere of influence and application decisions made by LAFCO. Public information and participation are important component in the decisions made by the Commission, the land use agencies, and the water agencies. To promote public education, at least every two years, the Local Agency Formation Commission will sponsor, or co-sponsor with the Regional Water Management Foundation, the County of Santa Cruz, and local water agencies, a public forum that provides the public with an overview of the state of the water supplies in Santa Cruz County.

It is preferable that the residents who use water also participate in the governance of the system that provides the water. Therefore, in making decisions on spheres of influence and boundary changes, the Commission will favor water supply entities for which the users of the system participate in the governance of the system.